

RTI REQUEST DETAILS (आरटीआई अनुरोध विवरण)			
Registration Number (पंजीकरण संख्या) :	DITEC/R/T/23/00182/2	Date of Receipt (प्राप्ति की तारीख) :	26/04/2023
Transferred From (से स्थानांतरित):	Department of Electronics & Information Technology on 01/05/2023 With Reference Number : DITEC/R/T/23/00182		
Remarks(टिप्पणी) :	The RTI application is being transferred under Section 6(3) of the RTI Act, 2005 with request to provide the information directly to the applicant. It is also requested to forward the same to the concerned Public Authority, if it is not related to your Ministry/Department.		
Type of Receipt (रसीद का प्रकार) :	Electronically Transferred from Other Public Authority	Language of Request (अनुरोध की भाषा) :	English
Name (नाम) :	Kiran Shinde	Gender (लिंग) :	Male
Address (पता) :	Plot A-102, Ginning & Press, Sector 14, Near Gaimulch Chowk Police Station, Karave Bus depot seawoods navi Mumbai 400706, Pin:400706		
State (राज्य) :	Maharashtra	Country (देश) :	India
Phone Number (फोन नंबर) :	+91-9736336666	Mobile Number (मोबाईल नंबर) :	+91- 9736336666
Email-ID (ईमेल आईडी) :	rkshinde@gmail.com		
Status (स्थिति) (Rural/Urban) :	Urban	Education Status :	Graduate
Requester Letter Number(निवेदक पत्र संख्या) :	Details not provided	Letter Date :	Details not provided
Is Requester Below Poverty Line ? (क्या आवेदक गरीबी रेखा से नीचे का है?) :	No	Citizenship Status (नागरिकता) :	Indian
Amount Paid (राशि का भुगतान) :	0 (Received by Prime Minister's Office) (original recipient)	Mode of Payment (भुगतान का प्रकार) :	Payment Gateway
Does it concern the life or Liberty of a Person? (क्या यह किसी व्यक्ति के जीवन) :	No(Normal)	Request Pertains to (अनुरोध निम्नलिखित संबंधित है) :	DK Sagar (e-Gov)

अथवा स्वतंत्रता से संबंधित है?) :	
Information Sought (जानकारी मांगी):	Transferred u/s 6(3) of RTI Act, 2005 for concerned points.
Original RTI Text (मूल आरटीआई पाठ):	Kindly check attachment and do the needful
<input type="button" value="Print"/> <input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Close"/>	

24/04/2023

RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT ,2005
(Fee Paid through online Channel)

To,
PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER

Concerning the aforementioned application, and outrage at Mantralaya Mumbai I have remained concerned but have yet to reach a satisfactory conclusion. The new artificial intelligence chat GPT and others are taking by storm and demonstrating how effective or useful they can be, but it is critical to consider the situation and implement security precautions.

Sir, I would like to inform you that it is critical to identify the areas in which artificial intelligence or the absence of certain rules in the government would be disastrous, as well as detrimental to the security and privacy of the general public and the government.

Government lost to deal with artificial intelligence ,virus ,hacking, piracy, internet speed malwares ,spyware and other issues that the United States of America and other countries are currently dealing with, where they have blocked Huawei from protecting their data. I am very interested in learning where India stands in terms of dealing with such situations or scenarios, and thus, in the interest of the nation as well as the citizens listed below, I would like to inquire in depth.

Are there any kind of orders/guidelines led by the Indian government for all central government and state government personnel and offices for internet and computer use?

Are there any laws requiring state and Central government employees to use pen drives in their laptop computers and offices, as in IT companies and data centres? Nobody can use a pen drive without the permission of the administrative password on the PC, just like in IT companies and data centres. The administrator or PC controller is notified if someone pays to use a pen drive or other external media on the seed computers.

Now that the internet has become more threatening as well as a boon, India has the best opportunity because it has good relations with the USA and because India is the only nation in the world with the youngest population, India can tie-up with Microsoft for specialised operating systems for government offices in India so that all the things mentioned in the application or the RTI application can be done the specifications.

Also, India can request that Microsoft Office create a specialised and customised office solution for all of India's government offices.

Even India has good relations with Russia, and Russia has a well-known company, Kaspersky, which provides internet anti-virus all over the world and is the best in the world. Given the situation, Kaspersky can provide specialised anti-virus and certain measures to the Indian government, including state and central governments.

Also, given the lack of various things all over the world, India already has its own best ERP tally or India can tie-up with the biggest ERP players all over the world to maintain uniformity and transparency in today's date, no specific laws, resolutions, regulations, or information is available for using ERP or maintaining the accounts of the various government organisations, which is very surprising to me.

Also, because India has the best relations with USA, as previously stated, India can tie-up with Amazon server, which is the best till date and best all over the world. India can tie-up with them to provide the service to all the platforms for its Central and state governments, where on many occasions, including many government websites, get hang easily and get stuck responsive on many occasions due to various reasons.

Hence in a wider Public Interest keeping only in Mind Central and State government offices I would like to know in detail-

1. Are there any regulations requiring all Central and state government employees to use pirated or non-pirated software in their individual offices, and so the Central or state governments provided laptop computers?
2. Is there any legislation governing internet usage and speed in the respective offices, as well as whether the internet should be provided by the government or a private company, and whether a large office, such as a revenue tahsildar collector office, should have only one internet connection or a substitute, such as an additional internet connection provided by another reputable company?
3. Is there any legislation in place that governs the use of modem Wi-Fi or routers in the respective offices?
4. The criteria for selecting an i3, i5, i7, or AMD CPU, as well as the rules governing whether a PC can be manufactured or should be branded
5. Is there any policy governing the use of anti-virus software in all state and civil Central Government personnel and offices to protect files from viruses and malware for a period of five years, as well as other content on the PC?
6. Is there a law, similar to the one passed by the Rajasthan High Court, mandating the use of fonts in Unicode format, as state and central government employees now use CDAC software or other typing software?
7. Is there any kind of law, similar to India's email policy, that requires all central and state government offices and their employees to transfer all of their private email from Gmail Hotmail

Email

RTI reply-

CPIO EGOV

Online RTI request Regn. No. DITEC/R/T/23/00182/2 seeking information under RTI Act, 2005 w.r.t Email Policy- reg.

From : CPIO EGOV <cpio-egov@meity.gov.in> Fri, May 12, 2023 11:27 AM
Subject : Online RTI request Regn. No. DITEC/R/T/23/00182/2 seeking information under RTI Act, 2005 w.r.t Email Policy- reg. 1 attachment
To : ~~chhatrasal.chandra@gmail.com~~
Cc : Srabana Ghoshal <srabana.ghoshal@meity.gov.in>

Sir,

Please refer to your RTI request Regn. No. DITEC/R/T/23/00182/2 received from RTI Cell, MeitY w.r.t point no. 07 of the RTI request seeking information under RTI Act. In this regard, as far as e-Governance Group under MeitY is concerned the requisite information obtained from the concerned is as under:

The email policy is available at "<https://www.meity.gov.in/content/email-policy>". The information related to "LAW" may pertain to Cyber LAW division, MeitY. Hence the point no. 07 of the RTI request has simultaneously transferred to CPIO, Cyber Law, MeitY under section 6(3) of the RTI act through online Portal.

2. If you are not satisfied with the information, you can make an appeal to the following Appellate Authority against the information provided.

Shri Chhatrasal Chandra, Scientist- D / Appellate Authority (e-Governance)
Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology
Electronics Niketan, 6, CGO Complex, New Delhi – 110003.

3. In view of the above, the said online RTI request is disposed off from the portal.

Regards

S.Ghoshal,
Scientist - B/CPIO (eGov),
MeitY.

 **Action History DITECRT2300182_2.pdf**
87 KB

From : Chhatrasal <chhatrasal.chandra@meity.gov.in> Thu, May 11, 2023 09:34 AM